THE SUPREMACY OF BRAWN

Illustrated by the Annual Parade of the Organiz d Labor Federations.

THOUSANDS OF WORKMEN IN THE LINE

Labor's Holiday Fittingly Observed by the Workmen and Their Friends -Mayor Bemis Talks to the Toilers-

In Other Cities.

Labor day dawned finely.

The sovereignty of trawn was patent to the thousands who took an active part in the big demonstration, and on the additional tens of thousands who lined the streets over which the parade passed the strength of united labor was deeply impressed.

While late in starting, in many particulars the parade was the best that Omaha ever has seen. It was freer from unattractive features than usual and the men who marched showed that life to them was a serious condition, not a theory. All the branches of labor were strongly represented and coming upon the heels of the Homestead disasters, the strikes at Buffalo, the riots in Tennessee, the display was an object lesson to the crowds that viewed the parade, for in it they saw the force of an united protherheod.

There were lots of bands and hundreds of banners, and everywhere the marching platoons were greeted with cheers as they wheeled into line from their respective positions along Capitol avenue. And the scenes along the streets were just as interesting as the features of the procession. From housetops and windows, from doorsteps and balconies people watched the movements of the men in line, and applauded as some distinctive feature of the union was displayed. It was a good natured crowd, too, and peartily in sympathy apparently with the objects rep resented by the federation, and with particidemonstration was made possible.

Was a Great Parade.

Grand Marshal J. B. Schupp was early on the ground and watched with pleasure the streets become alive with men who were to participate in the parade. It was nearly 10 o'clock when Chief Seavey wheeled into Capitol avenue near Twelfth street, the locatio of the first division, flanked by four mounted patrolmen and followed by sixty-five blue-coated guardians of the peace under the command of Captain Cormack, Captain Mos-tyn, Sergeants Sigwart, Whalen, Ormsby and Graves and Patrolman Godola. Some little difficulty ensued over the formation of the first division, the policemen wanting to march to the music of a brass band instead of the drum corps, and this was finally granted, the Musical Union band being accorded the

honor of leading the procession.

When finally, at 10:15, the bugles sounded "forward," the First division moved up Capitol avenue, and there was started a parade imposing in its simplicity, awing in its strength, and great in its educational ele-ment. There was no attempt at showy dress or gaudy trappings; no tinsel dimmed the fact that honest labor was taking a day off for the purpose of showing those who toll not and think less that on the brawn-and brain—of the artisan and his helpers is the hope of the nation based. The blare of the brass band supplanted the clang of the anvil and the roar of whirring wheels; the noises of the street were hashed, while the wails of the solid piles of masonry and glass gave back in echo the measured cadence of thou-

ands of marching feet.

Labor's army was marching by.

There was no hint of wrong unrighted in that great column, no unheeded cry for justice biazoned on their banners, no threat to use the giant's strength because possessed thereof. What banners were borne aloft told a peaceful story in their inscriptions; the mottoes shown were those all can en-dorse. And in this great column was evidenced the bulwark on which Cmaha's pros perity is based—contented workmen, well organized for the good of their craft and society, peacefully parading before the world the fact that it is good for men to take one day in all the year to show the growth and strength of their guild.

Fulfilled the Contract.

The divisions were made up in column order as denoted in the program published yesterday. Between 6,000 and 8,000 sons and daughters of toil-for the women and girls were out in force—formed the army that fol-lowed the route designated. Along the line of march show windows and buildings had been liberally dressed with bunting, and the display of flags, banners and goufaions of the marching throng gave an animated ap-pearance to the streets. Thousands who could not take part in the parade stopped their work long enough to watch the great procession pass, and they, with the citizens who have no part in Labor day save as on-lookers, crowded the streets along which the route of the parade lay.

When the line of march had faithfully been traversed the marchers and their friends hied away to the bosky dells of Syndicate park, where they were joined by thousands who were not permitted to march, and all took a hand in demolishing a barbecued ox and other things, sorved with a condiment sarnest oratory and the relish of fresh air on a well earned holiday.

THOUSANDS AT THE PICNIC. Great Throngs Listen to the Speeches Under

the Shade of the Trees. The picnic at Syndicate park in the afternoon was a monster affair. The spacious

slopes of the pretty grove were covered with folk of all manner of nationality, costumes and social position. More than 10,000 people visited the park during the afternoon, constituting the largest crowd by far that was ever at one time within its boundaries. The exercises of the day had been advertised to begin at I o'clock, and before that time the streets leading to the park were crowded. The street car company had doubled its service for the occasion, but was unable to carry all of the passengers. Every train was loaded to its full capacity and the streets were lined with people who preferred to walk rather than to hang to the outside of the already overcrowded cars. Many came in carriages and hundreds of vehicles of all descriptions lined the entrance to the grove. The speakers were late in arriving, but the Musical Union band occupied the time with some excellent music. At length Mr. W. B. Musser called the meeting to order in a few brief sentences devoted to the history of the occasion. Mayor Bemis was introduced and made a short address of welcome. He said

Mayor Bemis' Speech. "Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, Fellow Citizens: On behalf of the represen-tatives of laner and on behalf of the young metropolis of the great west, I send greetings to the Magic City of South Omaha.

"This day the great army of workingmen can claim as their own, and no one can say nay! Our city gives up the use of its streets to this army, stops temporarily the current of its business life, and without reference to party or creed turns out in thousands to view

or its outsiess lie, and without reference to party or creed turns out in thousands to view and to applaud the moving columns of brawny men who have helped to make our city and our republic what they are.

"The merchant, the banker, the manufacturer, the judge, the minister, men in all walks of life, join today in a common aumiration of the lator army that today marches under flying banners and with wild huzzas.

"This, Mr. Chairman, is Labor day! It is a glorious day! It is in keeping with the ungnificent demonstration we have just witnessed. It is one of the triumphs of organized labor, and may God spe d the time when it may mean to organized labor what the Fourth of July means to the American people—emancipation from the despotism and tyranny of the ruling power. May it is con come to be a day of general rejoicing by those representing capital as well as labor by reason of the full and just recognition of the of the full and just recognition of the

reason of the full and just recognition of the rights of labor.
"With such recognition of these rights will come prosperity to our city, prosperity
to our satios and peace and happiness to our
propie. The greatest good to the greatest
number should be the motto of this nation,
and not 'special privileges and great we lith
for the few.'

The great body of American people are right. In heart and in purpose they are with the cause of labor. All that is lacking is the full appreciation and proper recognition of the reasonable demands of

istor. How is this to be brought about? By violence? No. By anarchy? No. By riot and turbulence and bloodshed? No. It is to be brought about only in the manuer It is to be brought about only in the manuer we witness today—by peaceable agitation and by orderly proceedings. It is by these means the working men of this country propose to demonstrate the justness of their cause, and to prove not only that "the laborer is worthy of his hire," but is entitled to such compensation for his labor, and to such reasonable hours of toil, as will enable him to support a family comfortably and decently and live like a man among men with some of the comforts and pleasures of life. Betlin Rix, a Bennington Farmer, Meets

of such an army. Clear in his glory never commanded such an army. Marlborough, and his great successor, Wellington, would have been overcome at the mere thought of meeting such an army. Even that match-less personification of the genius of war,

Napoleon, would have stood appalled be-

"But, Mr. Chairman, great and powerful

as this army is, it exists and will continue to exist only to win the battle because it is in

the right, and to so win by means that all men must approve and applaud."

Van Wyck Eschewed Politics,

Wyck, who was to discuss the labor ques-tion. He prefaced his address by stating that he would endeavor to steer clear of politics and in this he was very successful. He

pointed out the wrongs of the laboring classes and the greed of monopoly with his usual vivid coloring, but forbors to draw a political moral. He left that to his hearers, but somehow he always managed to round his

sentences in such a way that there was only one moral to draw, and that pointed suggestively toward Van Wyck and his party. He

advocated the abolition of Pinkertons and the army and the settlement of all differ-

ences before a humane and judicious tribunal

of arbitration, and suggested that the con-test of ballots would execute the freeman's

will as effectually as the lightning the will of

Talked Home Industry.

the people would only combine to patronize home industries. There was no reason why the people of Nebraska should go east to buy their canned goods when the finest in the world were put up at various points in

the state. The plaster, silicon and adamant

works in Omaha bad built up an excellent business, but most of it went outside of

Nebraska. Nebraska soap could be bought

as cheap or cheaper than that manufactured in the east, and the Nebraska beet sugar in-

dustry needed the patronage of every good

The speachmaking concluded, the crowd

centered around the barbecue, where a huge

dancing was the program for the remainder

The Genuine Merit

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla wins friends where-

ever it is fairly and honestly tried. Its pro-prietors are highly gratified at the letters

which come entirely unsolicited from men and women in the learned professious warmly commending Hood's Sarsaparilla for

Hood's pills cure liver ills, jaundice biliousness, sick headache, constipation.

The Fidelity Trust company has re

moved its office to 1702 Farnam, south

Remarkably Low Eastern Rates.

Greatly reduced rates to Washington, D. C. and return via "The Northwest-ern Line," Sept. 13 to 20th, inclusive,

Choice of routes east of Chicago, with

liberal stop-over privileges. Sleeping

car borths can be obtained through to

Washington, Call early at city ticket

office for full information, 1401 Farnam

C. P. and T. A. General Agent.

8:10 a, m., 10:45 a, m., 3:15 p. m., 5:00

Five Times Every Day.

p. m. and 11:30 p. m. denote the time at which fast express trains leave Chicago

via Pennsylvania Short Lines for Pitts-

burg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadel-

cities. You will greatly enjoy a jour-

ney on either one, as the service on all

is first class. Address Luce, 248 Clark

The Fidelity Trust company has removed its office to 1702 Farnam, south-east corner Bee building.

Cut in Two. 5,000 acres in bodies of 169 to 1,500

acres, gilt edge wild lands at \$5 to \$10

per acre in state of Nebraska, whose

crops last year aggregated one hundred million dollars \$100,000,000. Owners must realize. Prices named are one-

half actual value. Direct freight competition, both B. & M. and U. P. R. R. W. G. Albright, 521-523 New York Life

Haif Fare to Lincoln.

The "Rock Island" offers the best ac-

commodations between Council Bluffs,

Omaha and Lincoln during the state

fair, September 3 to 9, inclusive. Trains leave Council Bluffs 12:40 a.m., 7:35 a.

m., 8:35 a. m. and 12:35 p. m.; Omaha

1:05 a. m , 8 a. m., 9 a. m. and 1:20 p. m.

Returning, leave Lincoln 2:05 p. m.,

4:25 p. m., 6:30 p. m. and 11:59 p. m. Passengers landed on fair grounds.

Tickets, one fare for the round trip, for sale at 16 Pearl street and local depot,

Council Bluffs; 1602 Farnam street and

Death of Barney Hughes.

death at that place on Sunday evening of

Barney Hughes, the manager of the West-

ern Union telegraph office in that city.

The deceased was one of the cidest operators in the country. He was in the confed-

erate telegraph service during the war and worked in Omaha soon after the close of the rebellion. He was a member of the Old Time Telegraphers association and was a relative of John A. Creighton. His funeral

Procure it Before Leaving Home.

Three years ago, while I was visiting relatives at Higginsville, Mo., I was suddenly taken with colle and severe pains in the stomach. My relatives sent to the doctor for medicine, and he sent me a bottle of Chambernain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, telling the bearer that if that medicine did not cure me he could not prescribe anything that would. I used it and was immediately relieved.—Henry A. Thopern.

Omaha Can Mfg Co., campaiga torches

Mr. E. Rosewater received a telegram yesterday from Memphis announcing the

CHAS. KENNEDY. Gen'l N. W. Pass. Agent.

New York and other eastern

R. R. RITCHIE.

what it has done for them.

east corner Bee building.

G. F. WEST.

street, Chicago.

building, Omaha.

Union depot, Omaha.

occurred yesterday.

good returning until Oct. 20th.

ox was served to the hungry multitude, and

The next speaker was General C. H. Van

WAS MANGLED BEYOND RECOGNITION

He Started to Cross the Pasture in Which the Fierce Animal Was Keptures of life.
"It is to bring about such results that or-Terrible Discovery of His ganized labor exists. Organized labor means organized peace. In peace will all find rest and comfort. Not in the red glare of burn-Anxious Wife. and comfort. Not in the red glare of burning temples do workingmen expect to read
the charter of their libercies, but in the
white, mellow radiance of right and
justice do they hope for that end to
come. What cannot be accomplished in
such a way by such an army! What a
magnificent, grand army is the army of
labor! Alexander the Great never dreamed
of such an army. Unique in his clow never

Betlin Rix, a prominent farmer residing near Bennington, was torn to pieces by a fierce bull on his premises yesterday morn-

Shortly after breakfast he started for a

an Awful Death in a Field.

walk around his farm. He was noticed an hour later by one of the hired men passing through a field in which the beast was kept. Later a unighbor called to see Mr. Rix on business and a search was made for him. He could not be found. At noon the man who noticed him passing through the pasture in which the ball was kept mentioned the fact, Without suspecting the awful fate of her

husband, Mrs. Rix walked out to the field designated. She noticed some distance from the fence what appeared to be her husband's hat. Fearing to encounter the bull she returned to the house and sent the hired men to the field. An awful sight was presented. The farmer

had been literally torn to pieces. The body had been gored and torn so terribly by the feet of the ferocious animal that it could only be identified by the fragments of clothing scattered around the scene.

Mr. Rix was aware of the flerce nature of the beast, and certainly knew the danger he incurred in entering the enclosure. It is supposed that the victim expected to be able to cross the field before the attention of the animal was attracted.

Coroner Maul was summoned to the scene last evening.

To Much Ice Cream. C. H. Rohrer, agent of the Missouri Pacific raliway, New Haven, Mo., says: "I suffered a great deal one hot evening last week, (July D. Clem Denver spoke on home industries. His address was very brief. He said that there was no reason why we should not make Omaha a great manufacturing city if 21.) I had eaten ice cream for supper, and there seemed to be an internal conflict going on. A traveling man said he had something in his grip at the hotel that he believed would relieve me, and producing a small bottle of medicine gave me a dose. I felt better, and in a few moments took another dose which entirely relieves me. I believe that such a medicine is worthy of recommenda-tion and that is should be kept in the house during the summer. The bottle was labeled Chamberlain's Colic, Coolera and Diarrhosa Remedy." For sale by druggists.

UNION PACIFIC REPLIES.

Answer Filed and Issues Joined in the Rock Island's Suit, The answer of the Union Pacific Railway company to the petition of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway company filed in the United States circuit court August 25, was filed yesterday in the same

The answer of the respondent admits that a decree was issued restraining it from interfering with the Rock Island in the use of the bridge and local depot facilities, and the use of which the Rosk Island has since enjoyed, but denies that the Union Pacific has ever used the Rock Island's road between South Omaha and Lincoln or between McPherson and Hutchinson. Respondent also denies that the Rock Island completed its South Omana-Lincoln line by the time specified by the alleged contract and maintains that the company that used the McPnerson-Hutchinson line was the Salina & Southwestern Ratlway company, and claims that the said company has fully and satisfactorily settled with the Rock Island for the use of the same.

Respondent denies that it is indebted to

the Rock Island for the rental of said lines, and further claims that neither under the power, authority or franchise conferred on it by congress or by the legislature of any state has it the right or authority to run or operate trains over the lines of the Rock Island above referred to, and that the terms of the contract to that end are ultra vires, null and void and of no legal binding force or obligation. Respondent further claims that the complainant has ample recourse in a court of equity, but that its suit should be for oreach of contract, if for anything, and not for ren-

It is further claimed that the Rock Island did on August 31 garnishee certain moneys in the hands of other roads, due the re-spondent, and that the suit is now pending in the circuit court of Cook county, Illinois, and that the suit of the Rock Island in this case does not properly belong before this court or before any court of equity at the present time. It is finally claimed that the original injunction case is now pending in the United States supreme court, and that during said pendancy this court is ousted from any jurisdiction to hear or determine any matters or things arising out of or pending upon the said original cause,

Mr. J. B. Moore: My Dear Sir-I have been subject to sick headache all my life Over two years ago I began using "Moore's Tree of Life" for it and never had a case of sick headach; since, except when the medicine was atone end of the road and I at the other. It is worth more than money to me. I heartily recommend it to all sufferers ofh eadache. Very truly yours, W. B. Lille,

PastorFirst Baptist Church. G. A. R. EXCURSION TO WASHINGTON

Via the Wabash Line.

For the above occasion the Wabash will sell, Sept. 13th to 20th, round trip tickets to Washington and Baitimore, at less than half fare, with choice of routes; passing down the beautiful Shenandoah Valley or crossing the mountains of Virginla by daylight, within sight of many fame battlefields. You have privilege or stopping at St. Louis to visit the great exposition and fair; also, view the magnificent street illuminations and parade of Veiled Prophets, which will surpass in grandeur allefforts of former years. For rates, tickets, sleeping car accommodations, and further informa-tion, call at Wabash office, 1502 Farnam street, or write G. N. CLAYTON, N. W. P. Agt., Omahaa, Neb.

The entire stock of horses owned by A. J. Poppleton, including the stallions Zulu, Royal Oak and Traverse, will be sold at auction at Elkhorn, Neb., on Thursday, Sept. 15, at 2 p. m.

Spectacles accurately fitted; refractive examination free. Tudor Optical Co., corner Farnam and 14th.

DIED. offices of five lines or less under this heat, fifty cents; each additional line ten cents.

SHEPARD-Baby, September 5, 1892 WANEK-Albert, September 4, 1892, age 3

years.
HARRINGTON-A. J., of membranous croup, are 4 months, son of P. S. Harrington. Funeral services from residence. 1463 Pierce, Tuesday at 2 p. m.

DEPRICE'S Geam Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes-40 Years the Standard

TORN TO PIECES BY A BULL HER EXACT WORDS.

A Sarpy County Lady Attests the Efficiency of Drs. Copeland and Shepard's Methods.

Catarrh, Heart Trouble and Pain Entirely Relieved.

Miss Amelia Stoltenberg is the daughter of a well known farmerliving at Richfield, Sarpy County, Neb. For some time she nad been in poor health and decided to consult Drs. Copeland and Shepard. She now says:



MISS AMELIA STOLTENBERG.

"When I first went to the office of Dra. Copeland and Shepard I was suffering with "CATARRH,

"HEART TROUBLE.

"BACK AND STOMACH PAINS, "POOR APPETITE."

"My head sched all day long and made me wretched indeed. I had an annoying cough with pains in my chest, back and stomach. I had no relish for food, and was weak and easily fatigued. My nose and throat annoyed me constantly and to clear them was impossible. My heart pained me often and I had spells of palpitation and a peculiarly distressing feeling as if the heart was not working right. Drs. Copeland and Shepard have entirely cured me of all these conditions. By mild and gentle means they have restored my health. They said they would accomplish this, and have fully kept their word."

MAIL

Comes from the East, West, North and South, bearing testimony of the successful treatment of Drs. Copeland and Shepard by mail Symptom Blank Sent to All Applicants.

\$5 A MONTH.

ING. OMAHA, NEB. W. H. COPELAND, M. D.
C. S. SHEPARD, M. D.

SPECIALTIES: Catarrh. Asthma, Bronchi
itls, Nervous Diseases, Blood, Diseases, Rheu
matism, Consumption, and all chronic affections of the Throat, Lungs, Stomach, Liver Office hours: 9 to 11 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m., 7 to p.u. Sunday, 10 a.m. to 12 m.

We will send you the marvelous free; and a legal-guarantee the CALTHOS will Restore you Health, Strength and Vigo S.BE 3 Use it and pay if satisfied. Address VON MOHL CO.



Largest stock of HUMAN HAIR east of Chicago.

Guaranteed strictly first class.

Mrs. R. H. Davies.

III S. ISTH. -- OPP. POSTOFFICE

Tooth-Food.

This medicine for babies prevents and cures pains of teething and resulting diseases, not by putting children to sleep with an opiate, for it contains no harmful drugs, but by supplying the teeth-forming ingredients which are lacking in most mothers' milk and all artificial foeds. It is sweet and babies like it. \$1.00 a bottle, at all druggists. Send for pam-phlet, "Teething Made Easy."

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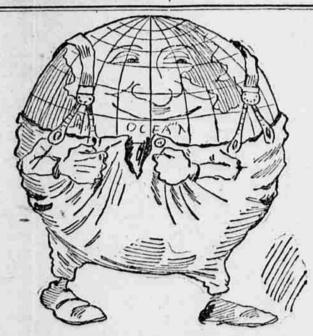






OPTUM Borpaine Hab Repaytill cured. DR.J. STEPHENS, Lebanon





But that is not the fault of the pants. We fit the shape

shape is a little off we are not to blame,

Fall Season, 1892.

Our boys' and children's department is now ready for your inspection. You will find on comparing the quality of our goods and prices, with those of others, would be the same as comparing Broad daylight to the total eclipse of the sun. To sum it up, we defy and conquer all competition. Our knee pant suits ages from 4 to 13, range in prices as follows:

83c, 75c, 95c, \$1.25. Each suit worth double \$1.50, \$2, \$2.25, \$3. this price.

Our School Suits.

Ages from 10 to 14, 3 pieces, coat, pants and vest, at \$1.78, \$2 and \$2.80, are stunners. Our Boys' suits. ages from 14 to 18, 3 pieces, coat,

pants and vest, at

\$2, \$2.50 and \$3, \$4.50, \$5, \$6, Are strictly in it.

We also call attention to our Men's Clothing and Gents' Furnishing



J. BAMBERGER. Proprietor.

In our corner window-arrayed in attractive form-are forty-seven boys' suits. Each suit bears a card telling in good / plain figures the price-and the sizes we have them in. You will notice as you stop to look-suits at a dollar-one twentyfive-one fifty-one seventy-five-two and a quarter-two fifty -two ninety-three and a quarter-three fifty-three ninetyfour fitty-four ninety and up. You will see suits for little fellows four years old-and suits for big boys of nineteen. You will see suits in plain colors-plaids-stripes-checks-mixtures. You will see single breasted suits-double breasted suits. You will see suits made of almost any kind of goods. There are hundreds of just the same suits in our boys' department on sale today. We want to call your particular attention to three knee pant suits in that window. They are marked

One is a plain cassimere—one a plaid cassimere—and one a fancy cheviot. There's not so much as a thread of cotton in any of these suits-they're every thread wool. They're made up honestly-they're made up to wear. They're both single and double breasted. They're just such suits as you will find at three fifty and four dollars as a general thing. We have two hundred and fifty of each of these suits in stock-and we will guarantee them to contain more wear-more style-more fitthan you can find outside of our store for a dollar more money. In long pant suits (three pieces), ages 10 to 13, we will sell you an all wool cassimere for four dollars-and we've got a grand all wool fancy cassimere, ages 14 to 19 at

"Tohe Nebraska"

Open till 8 p. m.

Saturday, 10 p. m.

16TH AND HOWARD STREETS, - - OMAHA, NEBRASKA.

FOR THE SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT OF ALL CHRONIC, PRIVATE AND NERVOUS DISEASES

A cure guaranteed in every case undertaken. THE SAN(TARIUM is the most complete and best equipped institution of its kind in the entire west. It contains fifty rooms for the accommodation of patients who may require the constant attention of experienced physicians and nurses. BOARDING will be furnished at reasonable rates. ns unable to visit us may be treated at home by correspondence. All communications strictly

Piles, Fistula, Fissure, and Stricture of the Rectum perfectly and permanently cured without the use of knife, ligature or caustic. Al o, Eczema and Ulceration of the Rectum successfully treated.

QUESTION BLANKS and BOOK ON DISEASES sent FREE on application Address INTERNATIONAL SANITARIUM,
DR. W. C. MAXWELL, President, Omaha, Neb.
Send \$2.00 for bettle of CLAPINE INJECTION. Guaranteed to cure in three to five days. Manufac

Dr.DOWNS

registered graduate in mericine, as diplomas and certificates show, is still treating with the greatest success entarth, spermatorrhoea, lost mashool, sominal weakness, night losses, impotency, syphilis, stricture, gonorrhoea, gleet, varicecele.ctc. No mercury used. New treatment for loss of vital power. Parties unable to visit me may be treated at home by correspondence. Medicine or instruments sent by mail or express securely packed, no marks to indicate contents or sender. One personal interview preferred. Consultation free. Correspondence attictly private. Book (Mysterias of Life) sent free. Office hours vs. m. to vs. m. Sunday w. m. to vs. m. to vs. m. to vs. m.

DR. J. E. McGREW.



THE SPECIALIST.

Is unsurpassed in the treatment of all forms of PRIVATE DISEASES, and all disorters and debilities of youth and manhood. If years' experience. His resources and facilities are practically unlimited. The Doctor is resonamented by the press, and endorsed in the strongest terms by the people for fair treatment and honest professional advice. The most powerful remedies known to modern science for the successful treatment of the following diseases:

GONORRHOEA—Immediate relief. A complete cure without the loss of an nour's time from business.

GLEET—One of the most complete and anocessful treatments for givet and all annoying discharges yet known to the medical profession. The results are truly wonderful.

STRICTURE—Greatest known renerly for the treatment of stricture, without pain, cutting, or distant. A most temperature of this terrible bond disease has ever been more su cassful nor had stronger endorsements. In the light of modern science this disease is positively curisble and every trace of the poison entirely removed from the blood.

LOST MANHOOD, and ambition, nervousness, timidity, despondency and all weakness and disorders of youth or manhoud. Relief obtained at once. obtained at once.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, and all disorders of the stomach, blood, liver, skin, and bladder, are treated successfully with the greatest known remedies for the discount. Write for circulars.

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Best instruction in all departs
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A MILITARY HOME SCHOOL. Unsurpassed Equipments: Careful Moral and Social training; prepares for Business and for any College, Scientific School or University, new Gymnasium; Wood-working and Military Drill; Highest testimonials; 10th year; number limited; illustrated catalogue; address. Prin. S. I. STIVER, A. M.

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